

e-ISSN:2582-7219



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF **MULTIDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH**

IN SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Volume 7, Issue 7, July 2024



INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD** SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

6381 907 438

Impact Factor: 7.521









| ISSN: 2582-7219 | www.ijmrset.com | Impact Factor: 7.521 | Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal

| Volume 7, Issue 7, July 2024 |

| DOI:10.15680/IJMRSET.2024.0707221 |

Counterfeit Currency Detection System using Deep Learning

Ganavi M C¹, A G Vishvanath²

Student, Department of MCA, Bangalore Institute of Technology, Bengaluru, India¹ Assistant Professor, Department of MCA, Bangalore Institute of Technology, Bengaluru, India²

ABSTRACT: Counterfeit currency. poses a significant threat to the economic stability of nations and the trust of citizens in their monetary systems. This paper presents a novel approach for counterfeit currency detection using deep learning techniques, specifically Convolutional. Neural Networks (CNNs). By leveraging TensorFlow Lite and the Flutter Text-to-Speech (flutter_tts) modules, we developed a system capable of classifying currency notes with an accuracy of 95%. The system also shows promising results in detecting counterfeit coins. The proposed method is implemented on a local server, making it accessible and practical for real-world applications. This research highlights the effectiveness of deep learning in addressing the issue of counterfeit currency and proposes future enhancements for broader applicability and improved accuracy.

KEYWORDS: Counterfeit currency, deep learning, Convolutional. Neural Networks, TensorFlow Lite, Flutter TTS, currency detection, image processing, machine. learning.

I. INTRODUCTION

Counterfeit. currency detection is a critical concern for financial institutions and governments worldwide. The proliferation of fake notes undermines the integrity of financial systems, leading to significant economic. losses. Traditional methods for detecting counterfeit currency rely on manual inspection and specialized equipment, which are often costly and not .foolproof. With advancements in technology, particularly in the field of deep learning, it is now possible to develop automated systems that can accurately detect counterfeit notes. This paper explores the use of Convolutional Neural Networks. (CNNs) for counterfeit currency, detection, detailing the methodology, results, and potential for future enhancements.

II. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The detection of counterfeit currency, remains a challenging task due to the sophistication of counterfeiting techniques. Traditional methods, including manual inspection, and the use of specialized machines, are limited by human error and high costs. There is a pressing need for an automated, cost-effective solution that can be easily implemented, and provide high accuracy in detecting counterfeit notes. This research aims to develop such a system using deep learning techniques, specifically CNNs, to analyze and classify currency notes.

III. LITERATURE SURVEY

- 1. **Gaikwad, M.A., Bhosle, V.V. and Patil, V.D. (2017)** This study introduced an automatic Indian fake currency det, ection technique using image processing and machine learning. The authors demonstrated a significant improvement in detection, accuracy by utilizing advanced feature extraction methods.
- 2. **Kavya, B.R. and Devendran, B.** (2015) This paper focused on using the Scale-Invariant Feature Transform (SIFT) for detecting and denominating Indian currency. The method showed promise in accu,rately identifying currency notes based on distinctive features.
- 3. **Mahapatra, P.C. and Dash, S. (2018)** The authors proposed a deep learning approach combined with SIFT features for fake currency detection. Their model achieved high accuracy, highlighting the potential of integrating traditional feature extraction methods with deep learning.
- 4. **Pal, A. and Basu, A. (2019)** This research utilized Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) and Principal Component, Analysis (PCA) to detect counterfeit currency. The combination of these techniques resulted in a robust model with high detection accuracy.

International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (LJMRSET)



| ISSN: 2582-7219 | www.ijmrset.com | Impact Factor: 7.521 | Monthly, Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal

| Volume 7, Issue 7, July 2024 |

| DOI:10.15680/IJMRSET.2024.0707221 |

5. **Saini, S.L. and Rajput, S.S. (2020)** - The authors explored the use of local binary patterns (LBP) in conjunction with deep learning for counterfeit, detection. Their approach provided a reliable and efficient method for identifying fake notes.

IV. METHODOLOGY

The methodology for this project involves several key steps:

1. Data Collection and Preprocessing:

- Collect a diverse dataset of genuine and counterfeit currency notes.
- oConvert images to grayscale and resize them to the required dimensions for the CNN model.
- ONormalize pixel values to ensure consistency.

2. Model Development:

- ODesign a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) architecture suitable for image classification.
- o Train the model using TensorFlow Lite to optimize it for mobile and local server deployment.
- o Implement data augmentation techniques to enhance model robustness.

3. Integration with Application:

- ODevelop a user-friendly interface using Flutter for uploading images and displaying results.
- o Integrate the trained CNN model with the application to provide real-time analysis and feedback.
- o Utilize the Flutter Text-to-Speech (flutter_tts) module to give audible feedback to users.

4. Testing and Validation:

- OPerform extensive testing to validate the model's accuracy and reliability.
- o Conduct user acceptance testing to gather feedback and improve the system.

V. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The developed system achieved an accuracy of 95% in detecting counterfeit currency notes. The CNN model demonstrated its effectiveness in analyzing and classifying images, providing reliable results in real-time. The integration of TensorFlow Lite and flutter_tts modules enhanced the system's usability, making it accessible on mobile devices and local servers. The system also showed promising results in detecting counterfeit coins, expanding its applicability. Future enhancements include developing a mobile application, expanding the dataset to include more currency denominations, and exploring advanced deep learning models like ResNet and DenseNet.

REFERENCES

- 1. Gaikwad, M.A., Bhosle, V.V. and Patil, V.D., 2017. Automatic Indian new fake currency detection technique. International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology (IJERT).
- 2. Kavya, B.R. and Devendran, B., 2015. Indian currency detection & denomination using SIFT. International Journal of Engineering Technology Science Research (IJSETR).
- 3. Mahapatra, P.C. and Dash, S., 2018. Fake currency detection using deep learning with SIFT features. In: Proceedings of the 2018 International Conference on Intelligent Computing and Control Systems (ICICCS-2018).
- 4. Pal, A. and Basu, A., 2019. Fake currency detection using convolutional neural networks and PCA. In: Proceedings of the 2019 International Conference on Emerging Trends in Information Technology and Engineering (ic-ETITE-2019).
- 5. Saini, S.L. and Rajput, S.S., 2020. Fake currency detection using deep learning with local binary patterns. In: Proceedings of the 2020 International Conference on Recent Trends in Electronics, Information & Communication Technology (RTEICT-2020).









INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF

MULTIDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH IN SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

| Mobile No: +91-6381907438 | Whatsapp: +91-6381907438 | ijmrset@gmail.com |