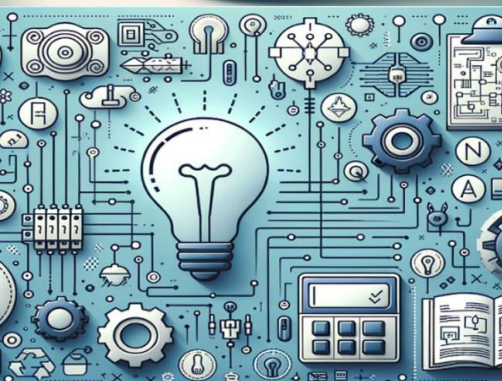


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Skin Disease Detection Using CNN

Vignesh.U, Dr.Premkumar.S

Student, Department of Computer Science with Data Analytics, Dr.N.G.P Arts and Science College(Autonomous),
Coimbatore, India

Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science with Data Analytics, Dr.N.G.P Arts and Science
College(Autonomous), Coimbatore, India

ABSTRACT: Skin diseases are among the most common health conditions affecting people worldwide, occurring more frequently than many other illnesses. Dermatology, the branch of medicine focused on diagnosing and treating skin-related conditions, plays a crucial role in managing these diseases. Various factors, including bacteria, viruses, fungi, and allergies, contribute to the onset of skin disorders. In many cases, these conditions not only cause physical discomfort but also lead to emotional distress and reduced self-esteem. While advancements in medical technology have improved diagnostic accuracy, traditional methods remain costly and time-consuming. Given the complexity of human skin—characterized by variations in texture, tone, and hairiness—accurate manual analysis poses significant challenges. Therefore, there is a growing demand for an automated system that can efficiently and accurately detect skin diseases, leveraging deep learning techniques like Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) to enhance diagnostic precision and accessibility. Diseases, especially in cases of complex or overlapping symptoms

I.INTRODUCTION

The skin is the largest organ in the human body and acts as a protective barrier against environmental threats. Skin diseases are common and affect people of all ages, often impacting not only physical health but also mental well-being. Skin's primary role is to protect the body, but environmental factors can lead to different skin conditions. Early detection is key in preventing the spread and worsening of skin diseases, but many conditions are asymptomatic for long periods, which makes diagnosis challenging. Public lack of awareness also complicates early diagnosis and treatment. While modern laser and photonics-based technologies offer improved diagnostic accuracy, their high costs make them inaccessible for many people. To overcome these issues, an image-processing approach is proposed for diagnosing skin diseases.

II.RELATED WORK

Skin diseases are common worldwide and often occur more frequently than other health issues. Dermatology, the branch of medicine focused on treating skin problems, is essential for managing these conditions. Skin disorders can be caused by bacteria, viruses, fungi, or allergies and may lead to physical discomfort as well as emotional distress and lower self-esteem. While medical technology has improved diagnosis, traditional methods are still costly and time-consuming. The complexity of human skin, with its variations in texture, tone, and hair, makes manual analysis difficult. This creates a need for automated systems to detect skin diseases efficiently. Using deep learning techniques like Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), these systems can improve diagnostic accuracy and make skin disease detection more accessible, especially in complex cases.

III.METHODOLOGY

Data Collection: A large and diverse dataset of digital images of various skin conditions is collected. This dataset includes images of different skin types, tones, textures, and common skin diseases, ensuring comprehensive coverage of potential cases.

Preprocessing: The collected images are preprocessed to standardize their size and resolution. Techniques such as image normalization, data augmentation (e.g., rotating, flipping, or zooming images), and noise reduction are applied to enhance the quality of the images and to make the model more robust to variations in input.



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Model Architecture: A Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) is designed to automatically extract features from the images. The CNN consists of multiple layers, including convolutional layers for feature extraction, pooling layers to reduce dimensionality, and fully connected layers for classification. Transfer learning, where pre-trained models like VGG16, ResNet, or Inception are fine-tuned on the specific dataset, can also be employed to improve performance.

Training: The model is trained using labeled data, where the images are tagged with the correct diagnosis. The CNN learns to associate image features with specific skin diseases through a process of backpropagation and optimization, adjusting the weights to minimize prediction errors.

```
predict_image("/content/skin-disease-dataset/test_set/BA-cellulitis/BA-cellulitis (135).jpg")
```



IV. CONCLUSION

Skin diseases are common and can impact both physical and emotional health. Traditional diagnostic methods in dermatology are often costly and time-consuming, and the complexity of human skin makes manual analysis challenging. Automated systems using deep learning techniques like Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) provide an efficient solution for detecting skin diseases. These systems can improve diagnostic accuracy, speed up the process, and make detection more accessible, especially in cases with overlapping symptoms. By using large datasets and advanced image processing, these tools can help healthcare professionals make timely and accurate diagnoses. In the future, automated skin disease detection systems could reduce costs, increase accessibility, and improve patient outcomes, ultimately transforming dermatology with the help of deep learning.

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